

Nanomaterials Research at the Molecular Foundry

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Community Advisory Group March 16, 2012





Working at the Molecular Foundry

U.S. Department of Energy Nanoscale Science Research Centers

Molecular Foundry

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Berkeley, CA

access to

Advanced Light Source
National Center for Electron
Microscopy
National Energy Research
Scientific Computing Center

Center for Integrated Nanotechnologies

Sandia National Laboratories/
Los Alamos National Laboratory
Albuquerque/Los Alamos, NM
access to:
Los Alamos Neutron Science Center

National High Magnetic Field

Laboratory

Center for Nanoscale Materials

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Argonne National Laboratory Argonne, IL

access to:

Advanced Photon Source Intense Pulsed Neutron Source

Electron Microscopy Center

Center for Nanophase Materials Sciences

at:

Oak Ridge National Laboratory Oak Ridge, TN

access t

Center for Neutron Scattering National Center for Computational Sciences Shared Research Equipment

Collaborative Research Center

Center for Functional Nanomaterials

at: Brookhaven National Laboratory Upton, NY

access to:

National Synchrotron Light Source Laser Electron Accelerator Facility

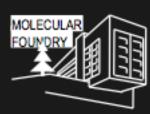














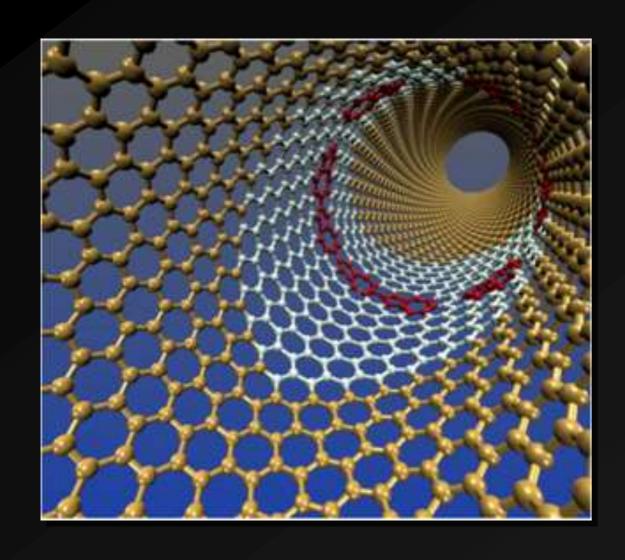
Working at the Molecular Foundry







Working at the Molecular Foundry

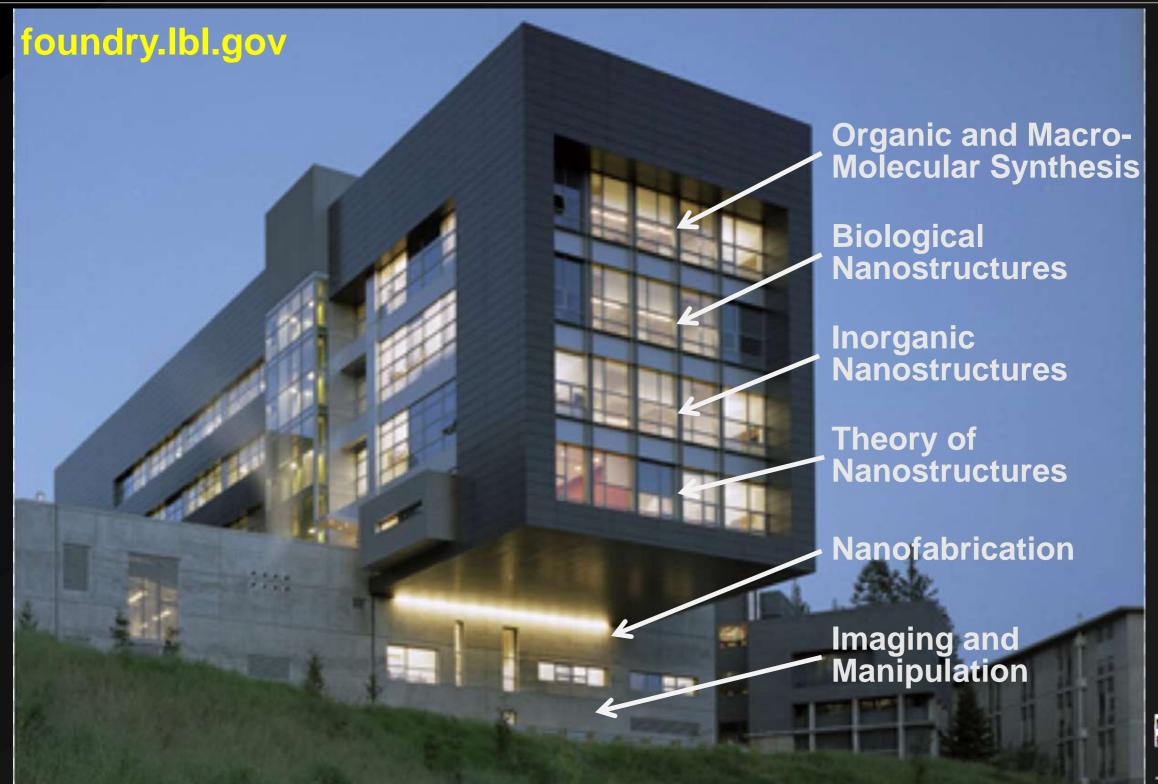




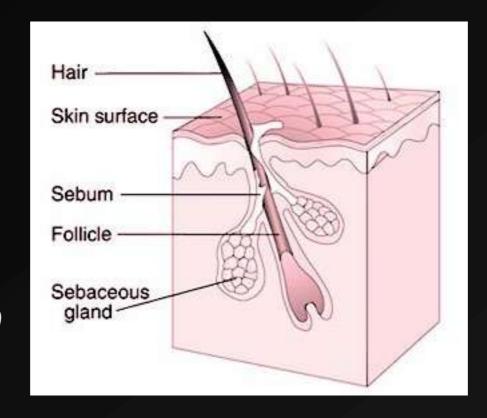


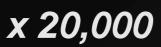


The Molecular Foundry is a multidisciplinary user facility for nanoscience







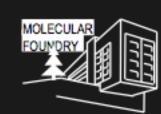




5 nm 5000 atoms

x one million





Gold



Nano Gold





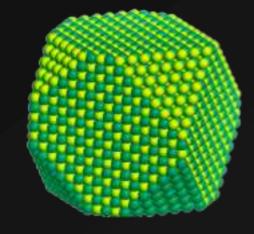


Size-dependent light emission from semiconductor nanocrystals (quantum dots)



size

1.7 nm 600 atoms 6 nm 6000 atoms



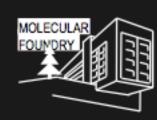
Thanks to: B. Cohen, J. Urban



Couch >> puppy Low energy state



Puppy >> couch
High energy state





Making nanocrystals by using robots Making nanocry to do chemistry



BERKELEY LAB Using robots to do chemistry (video)

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=l22En9JOj3A





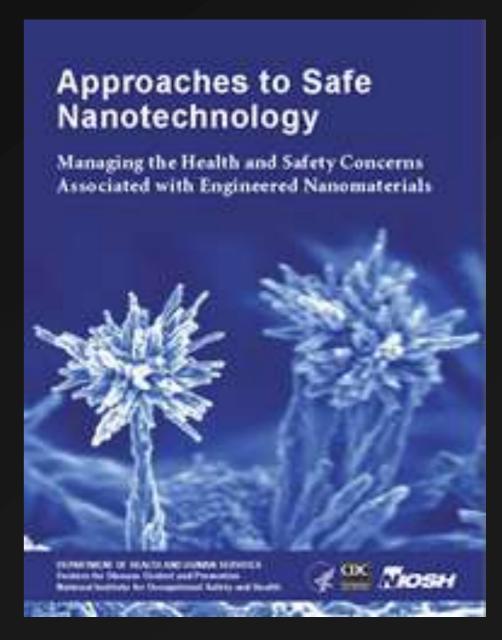
Integrating safety into science

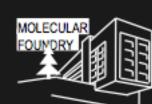
What is different about a nanomaterial from its bigger form?

What happens to nanomaterials in the environment?

Are there safety issues for workers involved in making or researching nanomaterials?

Do we have the right tools to manage these materials properly?

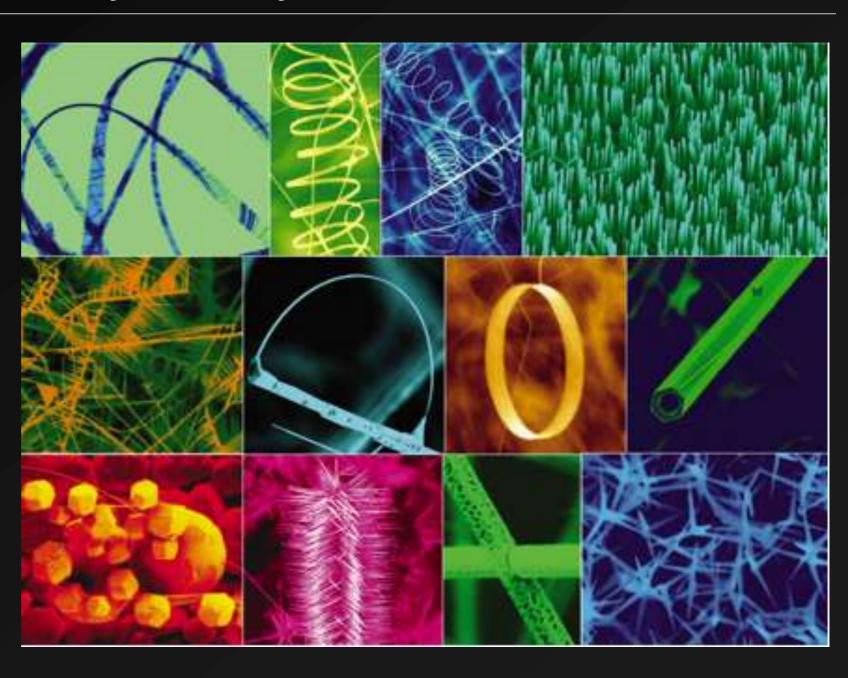






BERKELEY LAB One chemistry, many forms

Size Shape Chemistry Crystal structure Water solubility Surface area Surface coating Agglomeration state Density Dispersibility **Porosity** Surface charge Conductivity Contaminants Manufacturing method



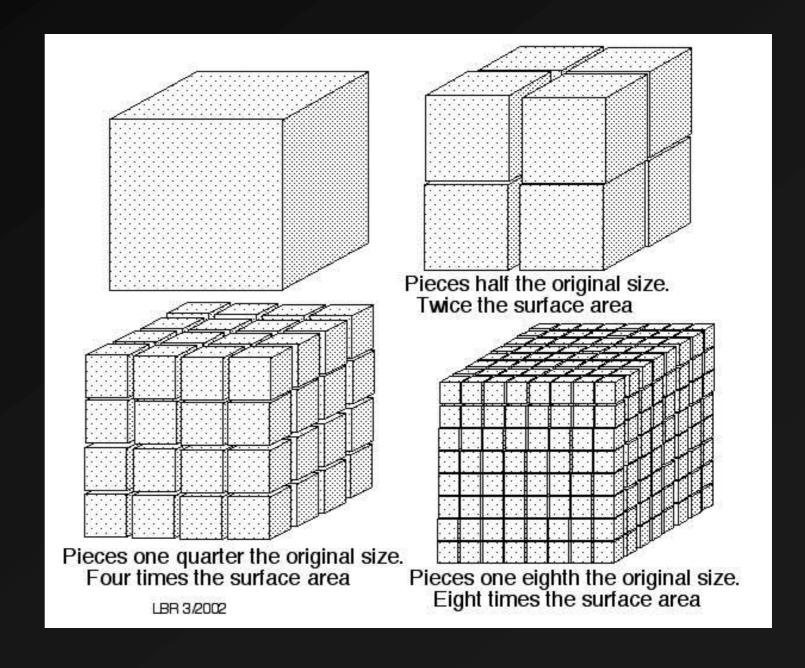
One material: ZnO





New properties, different issues

Size Shape Chemistry Crystal structure Water solubility Surface area Surface coating Agglomeration state Density Dispersibility **Porosity** Surface charge Conductivity Contaminants Manufacturing method



More surface area = more reactivity





DOE policy on nanotechnology

DOE Order 456.1

- Constantly monitor the toxicological literature and safety guidance documents for new developments
- Keep a record of researchers potentially exposed
- Establish engineered nanoparticles safety policy and provide training
- Minimize researcher exposure to engineered nanoparticles
- Post warning signs, label containers of engineered nanoparticles
- Manage waste carefully







BERKELEY LAB Foundry safety philosophy and approach







Fume hoods and glovebox environments

Special safety training for engineered nanoparticles





Proactive nanoparticle safety training BERKELEY LAB and outreach efforts





The Materials Sciences Division

MSD Safety Home

MSD Safety Policies

Near-Miss Program

Safety Guides and Communications

LBNL Safety Training and Databases

MSD Safety Calendar

Safety Committee and **Group Representatives**

MSD Home

. COEH

EH&S Challenges of the Nanotechnology **Revolution Symposium 2009**

Sponsored by Center for Occupational & Environmental Health, University of California, Berkeley

- - Consensus Standards
- Control Banding Approach



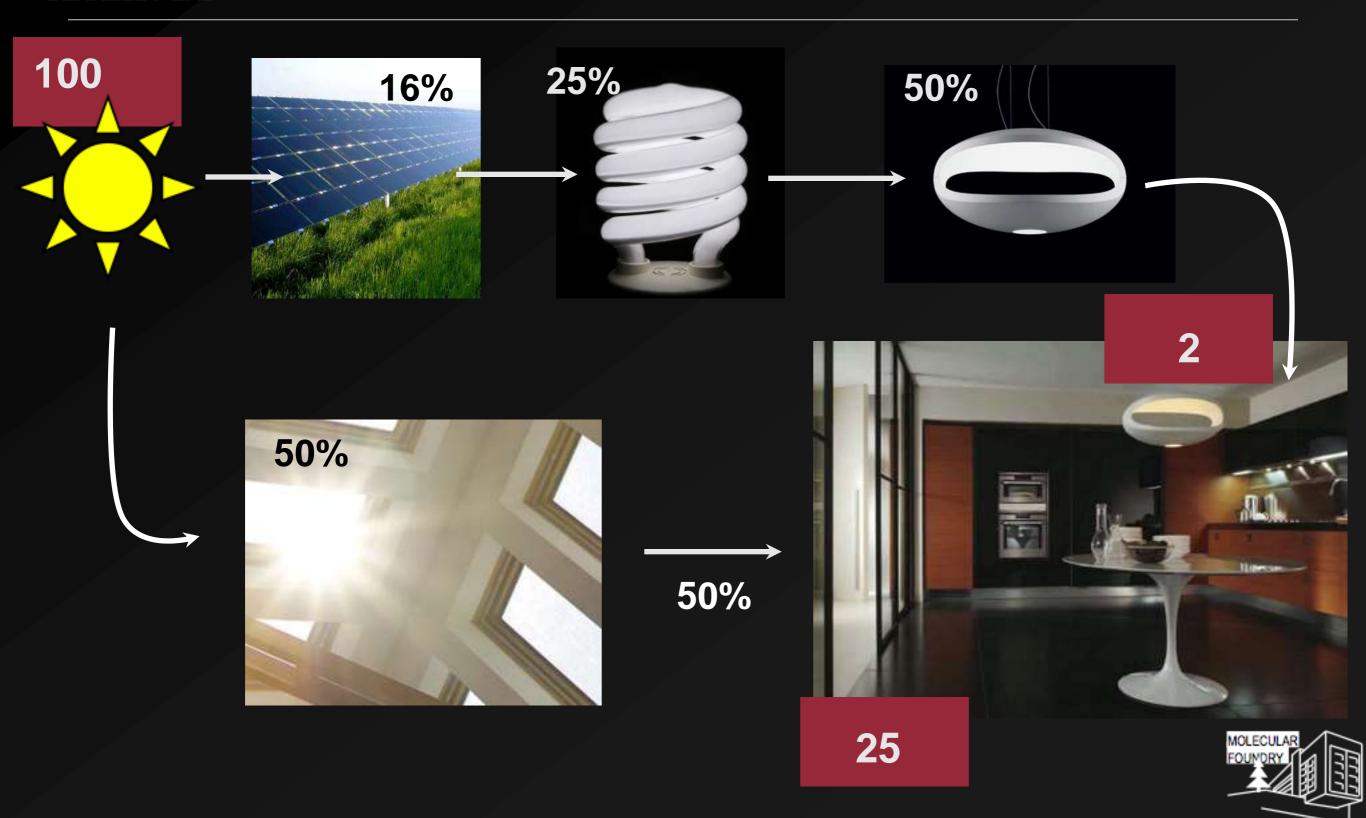
Sponsor symposia to train health and safety professionals, physicians, community members

Special detection techniques: zero-background nanoparticle aerosol measurement glovebox





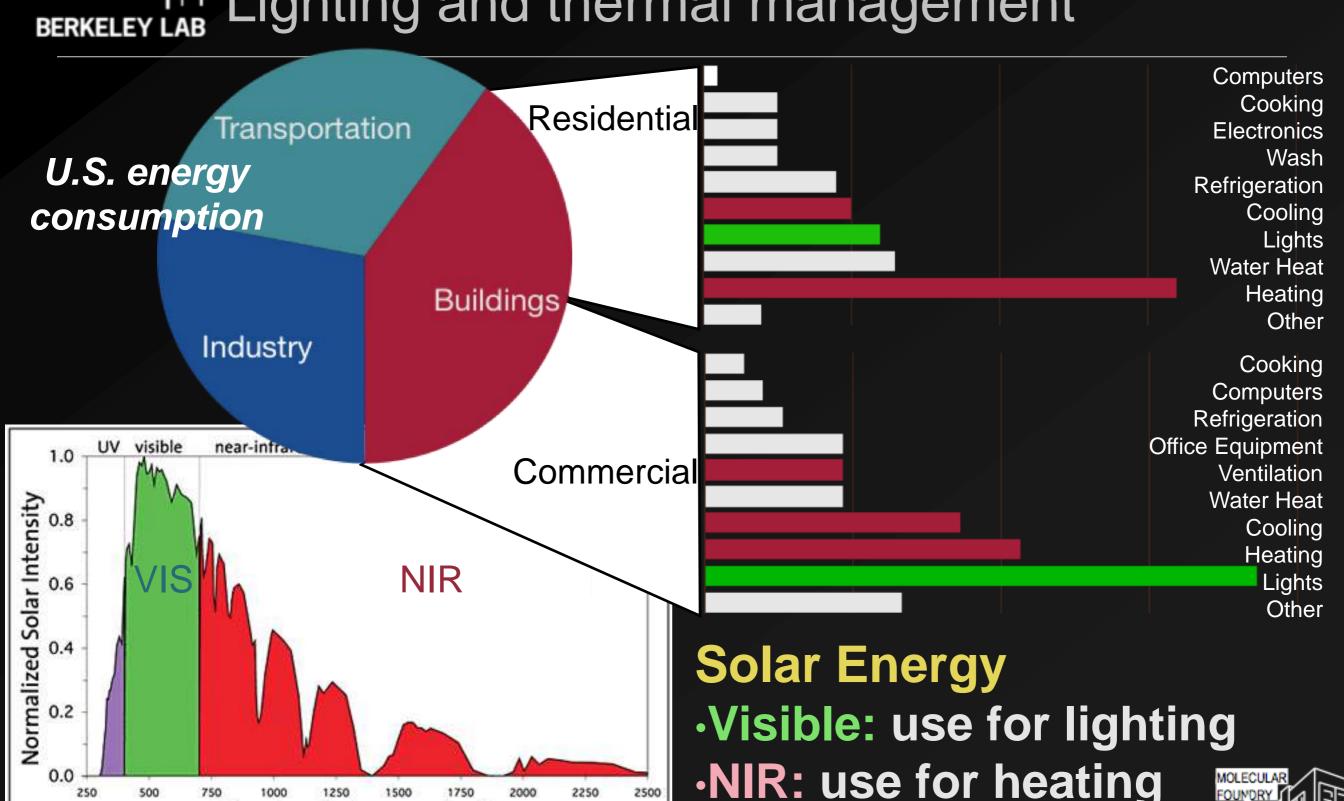
Using sunlight effectively: BERKELEY LAB Electric Conversion vs. Direct Use





500

Motivation for dynamic infrared window coatings: Lighting and thermal management



2000

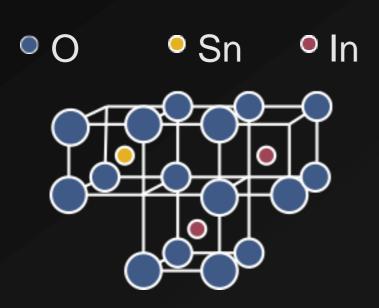
Wavelength (nanometers)

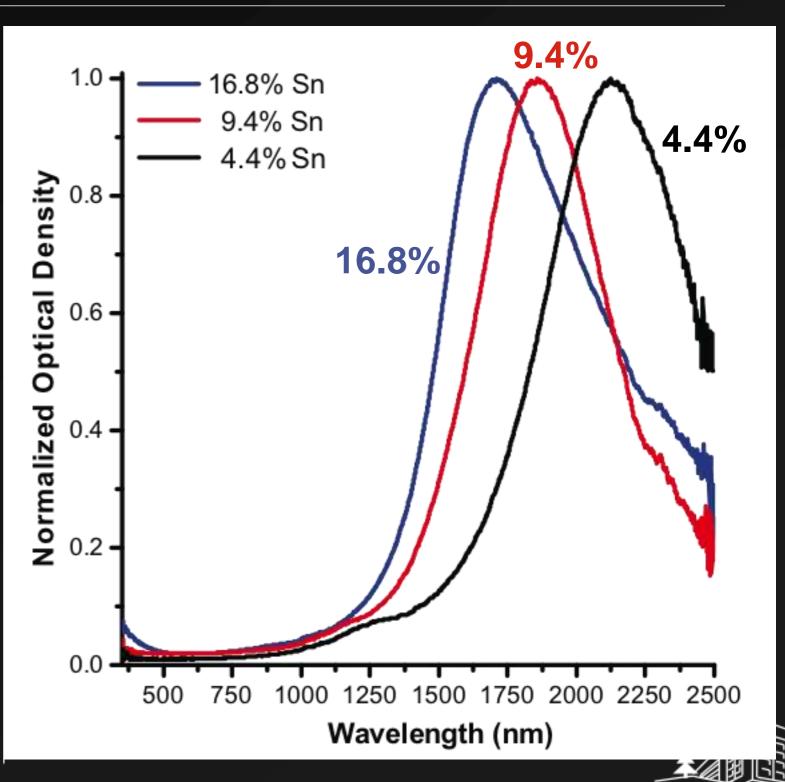
2250



Transparent nanocrystals that absorb BERKELEY LAB infrared radiation from the sun

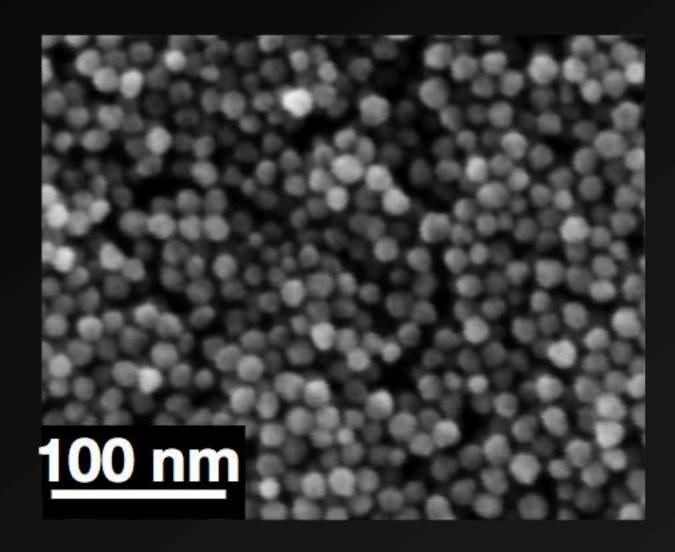








BERKELEY LAB Nanocrystal window coating









BERKELEY LAB A nanocrystal-powered smart window

